

# CLASSIC SERIES SUBWOOFERS

W308B, W310B, W312B

**OA10, OA12** 

# **WELCOME**

Thank you for buying a DLS CLASSIC subwoofer.

The subwoofer must be installed correctly in order to work well. This manual will show you how to install it like a pro. Please read the entire manual before beginning the installation.

Install the subwoofer yourself if you feel confident with our instructions and if you have the proper tools. However if you feel unsure, turn over the installation job to someone better suited to it.

The speakers are designed for enclosure mounting. When installed "open air" the power handling capacity is reduced with 30% from the nominal value. We dont recommend "open air" installations except for OA10 and OA12 which are designed for open air installations.

# CONNECTION OF SUBWOOFER

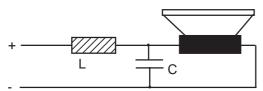
How to connect depends on what type of amplifier you use. The best is to follow the instructions given in the manual for the amplifier. Most amplifiers today have built-in lowpass crossover and possibilities to connect your subwoofer in bridge mode.

Two 4 ohm subwoofers are often connected in stereo mode since most amplifiers can't handle bridge mode loads below 4 ohms. If you have a DLS Ultimate amplifier it's possible to connect two 4 ohm subs in bridge mode, these ampliers are 1 ohm stable.

We also recommend the use of a subsonic highpass filter. This gives a better bass reproduction with less "rumble". In most DLS amplifiers this feature is already built-in.

For wiring use high class speaker wires, min AWG13 (2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>). For example **DLS SC 2x2,5.** 

If you have an amplifier without built-in crossover you must use a passive crossover between amplifier and subwoofer like in this example:



Connected with a 12 dB passive low-pass x-over = 10 mH coil in series and a bipolar capacitor of 300 microFarad in parallel. Crossover frequency is 95 Hz.

# SUBWOOFER ENCLOSURES, GENERAL

Build your enclosure in a stable and airtight material. The best is MDF-board, 19 mm, or particle board, 22 mm. Larger enclosures must have bracing inside to avoid vibrations. The enclosure must be completely airtight. Use sealing compound in all joints, also around the cable terminals. The size of the enclosure is decided by the speaker data.

## SEALED ENCLOSURES

Sealed enclosures are easy to build. The size is not critical, but it can't be too small. The speaker data such as Fs, Qts, Vas and X-max decides the size of the enclosure. Large speakers need larger boxes. Two speakers need a box of the double size etc. The enclosure must be completely airtight.

A sealed enclosure should be filled with acoustic wool up to 75 - 100%.

A sealed enclosure has a lower efficiency than vented enclosures but they can handle high power and are easy to build.

A subwoofer in a sealed enclosure creates a tight bass suitable for the audiophiles listening to classical music, jazz and soft rock. All the Classic subwoofers except for OA12, are recommended NOT to use in sealed enclosures.

# **VENTED ENCLOSURES**

A speaker in a vented enclosure has a higher efficiency (3 dB) and higher power handling capacity than in a sealed enclosure. In a vented enclosure the sound from the speaker and the port work together creating a higher sound level. The sound from the port must come out in the same phase as from the speaker otherwise the result is bad.

The size of the vented enclosure is decided by the speaker data just as for the sealed one.

The size of the vehicle often decides the practical size of the enclosure. A smaller enclosure has a higher resonant frequency than the larger one. The size of the enclosure should not be so big that the speaker plays below it's own free air resonance (Fs), then it looses in power handling capacity.

The port does not have to be fully inside the enclosure as long as the area and length are correct.

Sometimes you need two or more ports in an enclosure. You can convert from one to two or more ports as long as the total port area is the same.

# BANDPASS ENCLOSURES

In all bandpass enclosures the speakers are hidden inside the enclosure, all sound is coming out through the ports. There are different types of bandpass enclosures and they have in common that they are a bit more difficult to build. Most of our subwoofers can be used in bandpass enclosures

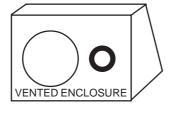
# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR DLS CLASSIC SUBWOOFERS

	W308B	W310B	W312B
Size	20 cm (8")	25 cm (10")	30 cm (12")
Impedance	4 ohm	4 ohm	4 ohm
Nom. power (RMS)	100 W (max 150)	120 W (max 200)	150 W (max 250)
Freq. range	30 Hz - 2 kHz	25 Hz - 2 kHz	20 Hz - 2 kHz
Sensitivity	87,1 db	89 dB	91 dB
Voice coil diameter	50 mm (2")	50 mm (2")	50 mm (2")
Voice coil height	22 mm (0,87")	22 mm (0,87")	22 mm (0,87")
Re	3,1 ohm	3,4 ohm	3,3 ohm
Voice coil inductance, 1 kHz	1,5 mH	1,1 mH	1,1 mH
BL product	7,8	11,5	12,22
X-max	+-5 mm (0,2")	+-5 mm (0,2")	+-5 mm (0,2")
Suspension compliance CMS	478	349	317
SD- Effective piston area	214 cm <sup>2</sup>	314,6 cm <sup>2</sup>	452,3 cm <sup>2</sup>
Resonant freq. (Fs)	36,3 Hz	36 Hz	30 Hz
Vas (liters)	30,5	48,6	115
Vas (ft³)	1,08	1,72	4,06
Qms	3,55	2,49	3,26
Qes	0,45	0,32	0,36
Qts	0,40	0,28	0,34
Cone material	Coated non-compress paper	Coated non-compress paper	Coated n-cp paper
Magnet weight	40 oz (1,13 kg)	40 oz (1,13 kg)	50 oz (1,42 kg)
Magnet diameter	4,7" (120 mm)	5,7" (145 mm)	6,14" (156 mm)
Installation depth	3,94" (100 mm)	4,4" (112 mm)	5,04" (128 mm)
Mounting hole	7,08" (180 mm)	8,86" (225 mm)	10,8" (274 mm)
Outer diameter	8,27" (210 mm)	10,08" (256 mm)	12,12" (308 mm)
Weigth	6,6 lb (3 kg)	8,38 lb (3,8 kg)	9,92 lb (4,5 kg)

# RECOMMENDED ENCLOSURES FOR W308B, W310B & W312B

# **RUNNING-IN PERIOD**

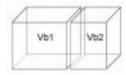
Allow the speaker to play for at least 15-20 hours. After this time the performance is correct.



**F3** = approximative lower frequency for vented boxes in Hz. Often called F-3 dB point = the point where the power is 50% lower. **Fb** = Box resonant frequency

<u>Subwoofer</u>	Volume (liters/ft3)	<u>Port</u>	<u>Damping</u>	<u>F3</u>	<u>Fb</u>
W308B	vol: 18 / 0,64	3" x 30 cm/ 11,8"	Line inside	45,9 Hz	45 Hz
W310B	vol: 28,5 / 1,0	3" x 14 cm/5,5"	Line inside	48,4 Hz	45,0 Hz
W312B	vol: 41,6 / 1,47	4" x 32 cm/12,6"	Line inside	47,1 Hz	40,2 Hz

# **SEALED BANDPASS**



The speaker is installed in Vb1 playing into chamber Vb2 where the port(s) are installed.

Vb1=rear, Vb2=front

# W310B

		port Vb2
22,17	13,98	1x10,2x35,5 cm
0,78 ft <sup>3</sup>	0,49 ft <sup>3</sup>	1x4"x14" (US)

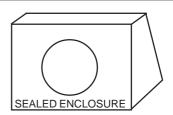
F3 Vb1: 40 Hz, Vb2: 118 Hz

# W308B

	Vb2	port Vb2
8,02	4,93	1x6,8x33 cm
0,28 ft <sup>3</sup>	0,17 ft <sup>3</sup>	1x3"x13" (US)
F3 Vb1: 50 Hz, Vb2: 141,9 Hz		

# W312B

		port Vb2
32,84	37,23	2x10,2x19 cm
		2 x 4" x 7,5" (US)
F3 \/h1	45 Hz	\/h2: 00 Hz



We don't recommend the use of sealed enclosures for these subwoofers

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR DLS CLASSIC SUBMOOFERS

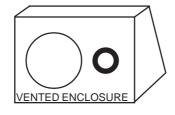
**OA10 OA12** 25 cm (10") 30 cm (12") Size 4 ohm Impedance 4 ohm Nom. power (RMS) 180 W (max 360) 210 W (max 400) 25 Hz- 2 kHz 20 Hz-2 kHz Freq. range Sensitivity 86,5 dB 88,4 db Voice coil diameter 50 mm (2") 50 mm (2") Voice coil height 34 mm (1,34") 34 mm (1,34") 3,59 ohm 3,55 ohm Voice coil inductance, 1 kHz 1,72 mH 1.79 mH BL product 12,53 X-max +-9 mm (0,35") +-9 mm (0,35") Suspension compliance CMS 183 167 SD- Effective piston area 314,6 cm<sup>2</sup> 452,3 cm<sup>2</sup> Resonant freq. (Fs) 39.9 Hz 37,8 Hz Vas (liters) 25,5 Vas (ft3) 0.6 1,69 Qms 3,19 3,47 Oes 0,55 0,57 Qts 0,47 0,49

Cone material Coated non-compressed paper Coated non-compressed paper

Magnet weight 80 oz (2,27 kg) 80 oz (2,27 kg) Magnet diameter 5,71" (145 mm) 5,71" (145 mm) 5,35" (136 mm) 9,37" (238 mm) Installation depth 6" (153 mm) Mounting hole 11,10" (282 mm) 10,55" (268 mm) 12,28" (312 mm) Outer diameter Weigth 11,68 lb (5,3 kg) 12,35 lb (5,6 kg)

# RECOMMENDED ENCLOSURES FOR OR10 & OR12

OA10 & OA12 subwoofers are designed for open air use but can also be used in these enclosures.



**F3** = approximative lower frequency for vented boxes in Hz. Often called F-3 dB point = the point where the power is 50% lower.

**Fb** = Box resonant frequency

Subwoofer Volume (liters/ft3)

OA10 vol: 29 / 1,02

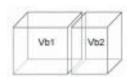
OA12 use sealed enclosure

Port 3" x 28 cm/11" **Damping**Line inside

**F3** 34,7 Hz

**Fb** 35.0 Hz

### **SEALED BANDPASS**



The speaker is installed in Vb1 playing into chamber Vb2 where the port(s) are installed.

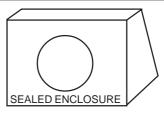
Vb1=rear, Vb2=front

### ΟΔ10

OAIU		
		Port Vb2
11,96	13,35	1x10,2x46 cm
0,42 ft <sup>3</sup>	0,47 ft <sup>3</sup>	1x10,2x46 cm 1x4"x18,1" (US)
F3 Vb1: 42,9 Hz, Vb2: 102,1 Hz		

# **OA12**

		Port Vb2
31,68	52,88	3x10,2cm x21 cm
1,12 ft <sup>3</sup>	1,87 ft <sup>3</sup>	3x10,2cm x21 cm 3 x 4" x 8,26" (US)
F3 Vh1: 48 2 Hz Vh2: 89 6 Hz		



OA10: use vented enclosure OA 12 sealed enclosure: 39 liters / 1,38 ft<sup>3</sup> F3: 49,4 Hz or if you want a smaller box: 27 liters / 0,95 ft<sup>3</sup>

# HINTS & TIPS FOR "DO IT YOURSELF" ENCLOSURE BUILDERS

# **ABOUT THE RECOMMENDED ENCLOSURES**

The performance of these recommended enclosures will vay from vehicle to vehicle. It is more difficult to get a tight and well defined bass in a SEDAN vehicle because of the tightness between trunk and interior of the vehicle. In this case a bandpass box could be a better choise.

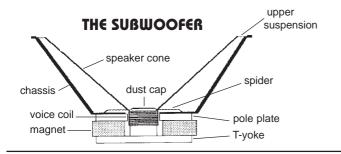
- All volumes are inside measures.
- Volumes occupied by speaker and ports have already been added to the given enclosure volumes.
- Use conical bass ports for best result. (DLS BP-75 or BP-110). If the ports are too long for the box you can use a bend. Either cut the tube and glue it together in angle, or use factory made tube bends. It's easier to use the factory made ones. The total length must be the same as for a straight tube. Make the measure in the center of the tube. The port opening inside the enclosure must not be closer to an interior wall than 3" (75 mm), otherwise it will have negative effects on the airflow.
- The enclosure must be very steady and completely airtight. Use 22 mm particle board or 19 mm MDF-board. The particle board has a self resonant frequency of 14 Hz while the MDF has a resonant frequency of approx. 400 Hz. It's important to do some type of bracing inside the enclosure to avoid vibrations.

Volume taken up by bracing should be added to the enclosure volumes.

### **ENCLOSURE DAMPING**

Most enclosures should be damped inside with syntetic (acoustic) wool or damping mat (line). Attach the damping material on the wall opposite from the speaker and port. A sealed enclosure should be filled up to 70-100% with acoustic wool.

In a vented enclosure the speaker and port should be on the same side, otherwise a fade-out of some frequencies can occour. In most vehicles, except for SEDAN cars, the speaker and port should be directed backwards for best result.



# ENCLOSURE PLACING IN DIFFERENT TYPES OF VEHICLES

In **small vehicles** like VW Golf, Peugeot 306 and similar the bass box should be installed with both speaker and port directed backwards. Alternatively booth speaker and port can be directed upwards. This way of mounting is valid for all types of vehicles where the trunk is incorporated with the inner compartment.

In **sedan vehicles** with the passenger compartment separated from the trunk, the enclosure should be installed with booth speaker and port directed towards the rear seat. Some cars have an opening in the middle of the rear seat for loading skis etc. You can install the enclosure behind this opening and direct speaker or port through this opening. There must be some free space in front of the port, (between the rear seat and the port opening).

In **large vehicles** like station wagons the best sound is achieved with the enclosure installed behind the rear seat with booth speaker and port directed backwards. Alternatively you can install the enclosure on one side of the luggage compartment.

# CALCULATE YOUR ENCLOSURE

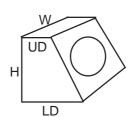
# Box volumes:

When caculating the volume of an enclosure you simply multiply the width (W) x height (H) x depth (D).

Use measures in dm and you will get the answer in liters.

A trapezoid box is calulated as below:

Vol=width (W) x heigth (H) x upper depth(UD) + lower depth(LD)



Be sure to measure the inside dimensions.

## **WARRANTY SERVICE**

This speaker is covered by warranty, depending on the conditions in the country where it is sold. If the speaker is returned for service, please include the original dated receipt with the product.



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# Technical Assistance

For technical assistance ask the shop where the product was sold or the distributor in your very country. You can always phone the DLS Helpdesk in Sweden + 46 31 840060 or send an e-mail to info@dls.e

Information can also be found on our WEB-site www.dls.se

We follow a policy of continuous advancement in development. For this reason all or part of specifications & designs may be changed without prior notice.